

LOS VERBOS MODALES

MODAL VERBS

MODAL	EJEMPLOS	USOS
CAN	He can find any street in London. You can take a taxi. Can you take me to Victoria Station?	Habilidad Sugerencia Petición
BE ABLE TO	He is able to find any street in London.	Habilidad
CAN'T	That story can't be true.	Certeza de que algo es imposible
COULD	I could play tennis when I was younger. Could you take me to Victoria Station? You could take a taxi.	Habilidad Petición Sugerencia
MAY	It may be quicker to travel by train. May I come in?	Posibilidad Petición formal
MIGHT	It might be quicker to travel by train.	Posibilidad
MUST	You must be back at 10 o'clock. Look at the snow. It must be cold outside.	Obligación Certeza de que algo es verdad
HAVE TO	You have to be back at 10 o'clock.	Obligación
NEED TO	You need to study a lot.	Necesidad / Obligación
NEEDN'T	You needn't have a university degree.	Ausencia de obligación
MUSTN'T	You mustn't drive without a licence.	Prohibición
DON'T HAVE TO	You don't have to call a taxi.	Ausencia de obligación
SHOULD	You should drive more carefully.	Opinión / Consejo
OUGHT TO	You ought to drive more carefully.	Opinión / Consejo

LOS VERBOS MODALES PERFECTOS

MODAL VERBS

MODAL	EJEMPLOS	USOS
MUST HAVE	The driver must have lost his way.	Certeza o conclusión lógica sobre un hecho pasado
MAY / MIGHT HAVE	She might / may have bought a new car.	Suposición o conjetura sobre algo que ocurrió en el pasado
COULD HAVE	You could have avoided that accident.	Posibilidad o capacidad de hacer algo en el pasado que finalmente no se hizo
COULDN'T HAVE	He couldn't have known about the problem.	Certeza de que algo no ocurrió en el pasado
SHOULD HAVE	He should have listened to me. They should have won the competition.	Consejo que no se siguió en el pasado Expectativas que no se cumplieron
SHOULDN'T HAVE	You shouldn't have gone on foot.	Crítica u opinión negativa sobre una acción pasada